# **Product Description**

Model EIR505-xx Documentation Number: EIR505-xx\_5107m

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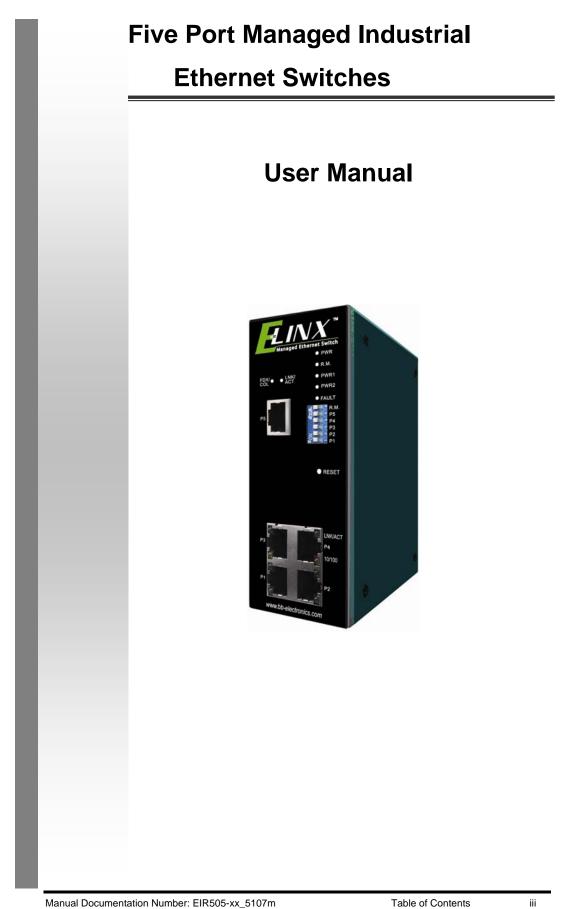
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B&B Electronics Mfg. Co. Inc. -- December 2007



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# Notice

The contents of this manual are based on the firmware, kernel, and hardware versions listed below.

Firmware Version	V1.29
Kernel Version	V2.05
Hardware Version	A5.00

## **FCC Warning**

This Equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class-A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

### **CE Mark Warning**

This is a Class-A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

v

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CE Mark Warningv
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# Introduction

The Elinx EIR505 series of Industrial Managed Ethernet Switches provide powerful functionality in a small package. Designed for industrial applications, these switches are highly reliable.

#### Features

- Conforms to IEEE 802.3 10Base-T, 802.3u 100Base-TX/100Base-FX
- 5-port 10/100TX industrial switch (Fiber Optic models have 1 100FX port)
- RJ-45 ports support auto MDI/MDI-X
- Store-and-Forward switching architecture
- Wide-range redundant input power connections
- DIN rail and panel mount design
- Easy to configure
- Web based management
- IEEE 802.1p class of service and port based, Tag based, and Type of service priority method
- Each port supports 4 priority queues
- Port based VLAN / 802.1 Q Tag VLAN
- IGMP with Query mode for multi media application
- DHCP client
- Ingress packet filter and egress rate limit.
- Relay alarm output for system events
- Input power reverse polarity protection
- Port mirror for TX only, TX and RX packet
- IEEE 802.3x flow control
  - Flow control with full-duplex
  - Back pressure with half-duplex
- X-Ring function
- SNTP
- TFTP firmware update, system configuration restore and backup
- 1Mbits Embedded memory
- 2K MAC address table

# **Package Contents**

- 5 Port Managed Industrial Switch
- One DIN-Rail (attached to the switch)
- One Panel mount plate and six screws
- User manual



HTT-1Ther Models Switch

5 10/100TX with X-Ring Web Management User Manual Industrial switch O 0 0 0 0 0 0 6 0 6 0 0 Wall Mount Plate Screws DIN-Rail

If any item is missing or damaged, contact B&B Electronics for a replacement.

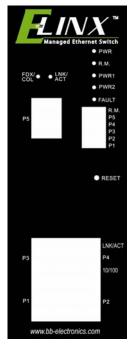
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# **Hardware Description**

### **Physical Dimension**

(W x H x D) 2.13in x 5.31in x 4.13 in (54mm x 135mm x 105mm)

# **Front Panel**



EIR505 Front Panel

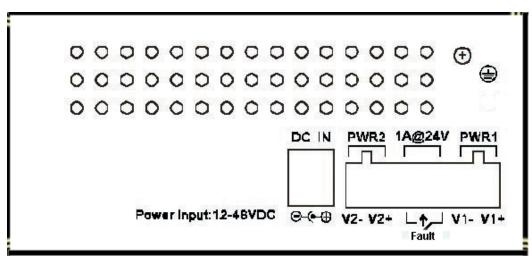
#### **Reset Button**

The reset button is used to restart the reboot the switch or restore it to the factory default configuration.

- **Restart:** Press the button for 2 seconds and release.
- Set to factory default value: Press the button for 5 seconds and release.

### **Bottom View**

The bottom panel of the EIR-505-xx industrial switch consists of one terminal block connector with two DC power inputs and one DC IN power jack.



Bottom Panel of the industrial switch

# **DIP-switch**

The six position DIP-switch is used to configure the relay alarm operation mode and the master ring operation mode. The default value for each position is **OFF**.

DIP Switch No	Status	Description		
	OFF	Disable port 1 Alarm		
1	ON	Enable port Alarm.		
<b>2</b> OFF		Disable port Alarm		

	ON	Enable port Alarm.	
	OFF	Disable port Alarm	
3	ON	Enable port Alarm.	
	OFF	Disable port Alarm	
4	ON	Enable port Alarm.	
	OFF	Disable port Alarm	
5	ON	Enable port Alarm.	
	OFF	Disable the master ring function.	
6	ON	Enable the switch as the ring master in the X-Ring group.	

# **LED Indicators**

There are 7 diagnostic LEDs located on the front panel. They provide real-time status information.

LED	Status	Meaning
Power	Green	The switch is on

		•	
	Off	The switch is off or no power input is available	
R.M. (Ring Master)	Green	The switch is the master of X-Ring group	
	Off	The industrial switch is not the master of an X-Ring group	
Power 1	Green	Power source 1 is available	
	Off	Power source 1 is not available	
Power 2	Green	Power source 2 is available	
	Off	Power source 2 is not available	
Fault	Yellow	Power failure or port failure	
. uut	Off	Normal Operation	
LNK/ACT (port 5)	Green	The port is linked	
RJ-45 or Fiber Optic	Blinking	The port is transmitting or receiving	
	Off	No device attached	
FDX/COL (port 5)	Yellow	The port is operating in full-duplex mode	
RJ-45 or Fiber Optic	Blinking	Data Packet Collision	
	Off	The port in half-duplex mode or is not connected to a device	

#### **Ports**

#### RJ-45 ports

There are 5x 10/100Mbps auto-sensing ports for 10Base-T or 100Base-TX device connection. The ports are auto-sensing and auto MDI/MDIX.

#### **RJ-45 Pin Assignments**

Pin Number	Assignment
1	Tx+
2	Tx-
3	Rx+
6	Rx-

All ports on this switch support automatic MDI/MDI-X operation. Straight-through cables can be used for all network connections. In straight-through cable, pins 1, 2, 3, and 6, at one end of the cable, are connected straight through to pins 1, 2, 3 and 6 at the other end of the cable. The table below shows the 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX MDI and MDI-X port pin outs.

Pin MDI-X	Signal Name	MDI Signal Name		
1	Receive Data plus (RD+)	Transmit Data plus (TD+)		
2	Receive Data minus (RD-)	Transmit Data minus (TD-)		
3	Transmit Data plus (TD+)	Receive Data plus (RD+)		
6	Transmit Data minus (TD-)	Receive Data minus (RD-)		

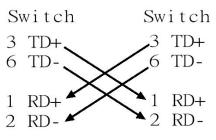
Switch Router or PC  

$$3 \text{ TD}+ \longrightarrow 3 \text{ RD}+$$



1 RD+ ← 1 TD+ 2 RD- ← 2 TD-

Straight Through Cable Schematic

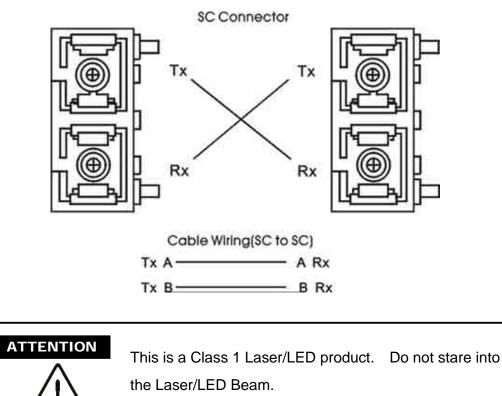


Cross Over Cable Schematic

#### Fiber Port

There is one 100Base-FX port. The fiber port is SC type connector in multi mode (2Km) or single mode (30Km).

Connect the fiber port as described below.



# Cabling

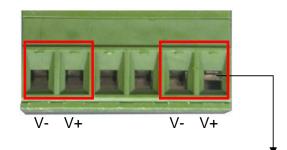
- Use Category 5 cabling for RJ-45 port connections. The cable must be less than 328 ft (100 meters) long.
- Use 8/125 or 9/125 um for single-mode fiber. Distances up to 30

8

Kilometers are supported.

 Fuse 50 or 62.5/125 um for multi-mode fiber cable. Distances up to 2Kmare supported.

### Wiring the Power Inputs



1. Insert the positive and negative wires into the V+ and Vconnector on the terminal block connector

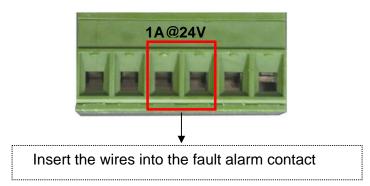


2. Tighten the wire-clamp screws

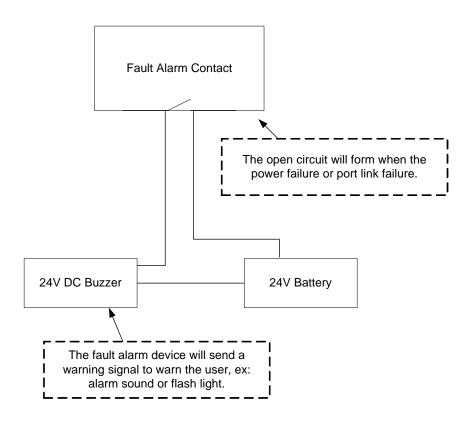
[NOTE] Use 12~ 24 AWG wire.

### Wiring the Fault Alarm Contact

The fault alarm contact are located in the middle of terminal block connector as shown below. Insert the wires and set the Dipswitch to "**ON**". When a power source fails or a link fault occurs, it will be detected and cause an open circuit. The following figure shows an application example for the fault alarm contact.

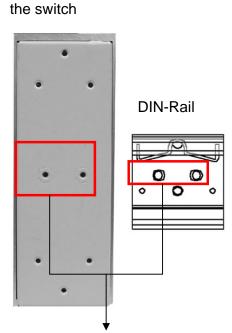


[NOTE] The wire range of terminal block is from 12~ +24 AWG.



# **Mounting Installation**

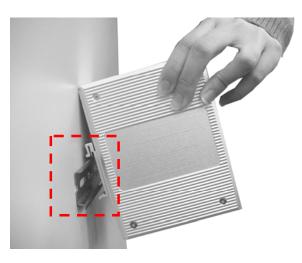
# **DIN-Rail Mounting**



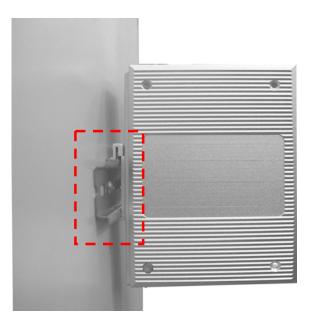
Rear Panel of

- Use the screws to attach the DIN-Rail to the industrial switch
- To remove the DIN-Rail, reverse the step 1.

1. First, insert the top of DIN-Rail into the track.



2. Then, lightly push the DIN-Rail into the track.

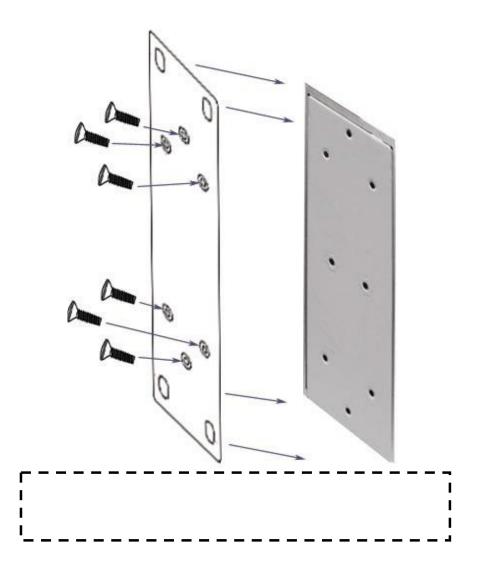


- 3. Ensure the DIN-Rail is tightly secured to the track.
- 4. To remove the industrial switch from the track, reverse steps above.

# **Panel Mounting**

Follow the steps below to mount the industrial switch with the Panel mount plate.

- 1. Remove the DIN-Rail from the industrial switch.
- 2. Place the wall Panel plate on the rear of the industrial switch.
- 3. Use the screws to attach the Panel plate to the industrial switch
- 4. Use the hook holes at the corners of the panel mount plate to attach the industrial switch to the panel.
- 5. To remove the panel mount plate, reverse steps above

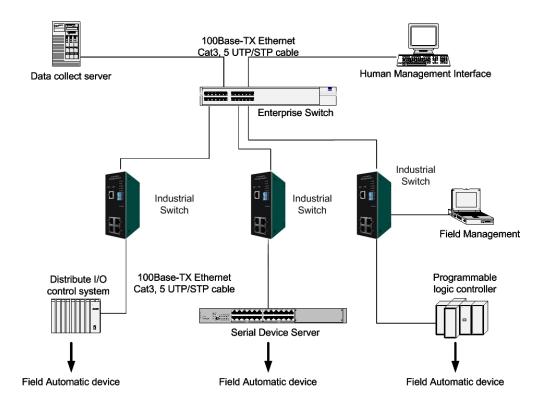


- 1. Unpack the Industrial switch.
- Ensure the DIN-Rail is tightly screwed to the Industrial switch. If not, refer to DIN-Rail Mounting section for DIN-Rail installation. To panel mount the Industrial switch, refer to Panel Mounting section.
- 3. Apply power to the switch (refer to the **Wiring the Power Inputs** section). The power LED will light.
- Connect CAT 5 cables to the Industrial switch's RJ-45 ports and to the network devices.

# [NOTE] If the network devices do not support MID/MDIX, a crossover cable may be required.

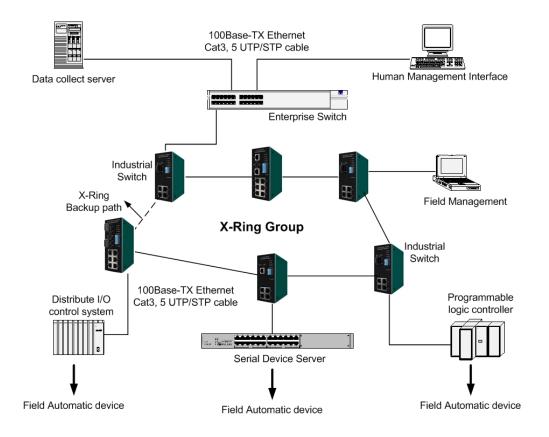
- Connect the fiber optic cables to the industrial switch and network device. Ensure that the switch's fiber optic transmitter is connected to the network devices receiver and vice versa.
- 6. When all the connections are made and the LEDs show normal indications, the installation is complete.

# **Network Application**



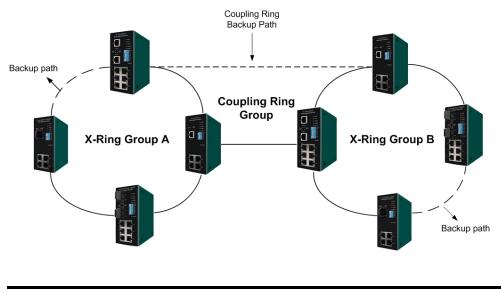
### **X-Ring Application**

The EIR505 series of Industrial Switches incorporate the X-Ring Protocol to ensure network reliability and system restoration within 300 ms in the event of a connection failure. The X-Ring algorithm is similar to the spanning tree protocol (STP) algorithm but it has faster recovery time. The following figure below is an example of an X-Ring application.



# **Coupling Ring Application**

If the network has more than one X-Ring group, the coupling ring function is used to connect them and add redundancy. This ensures that transmissions between the two ring groups will not fail. The figure below is an example of the coupling ring application.



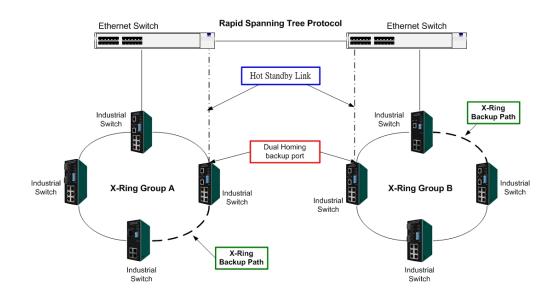
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### **Dual Homing Application**

The Dual Homing function is used to prevent a connection loss between the X-Ring group and the upper level/core switch. Assign a port in each X-ring group to be the Dual Homing ports The Dual Homing function can only be used when the X-Ring function is active. Each X-Ring group can have one Dual Homing port.

**[NOTE]** In the Dual Homing architecture, the upper level switches must have Rapid Spanning Tree protocol enabled.



#### About Web-based Management

The switch has an embedded HTML web site residing in flash memory. This site offers advanced management features and allows the switch to be configured from anywhere on the network.

The web site is designed for Internet Explorer 5.0 and uses Java Applets to reduce bandwidth consumption, enhance access speed, and present an intuitive user interface.

**[NOTE]** By default, IE5.0 and later versions do not allow Java Applets to activate sockets. The user must modify the browser setting to enable Java Applets to operate network ports.

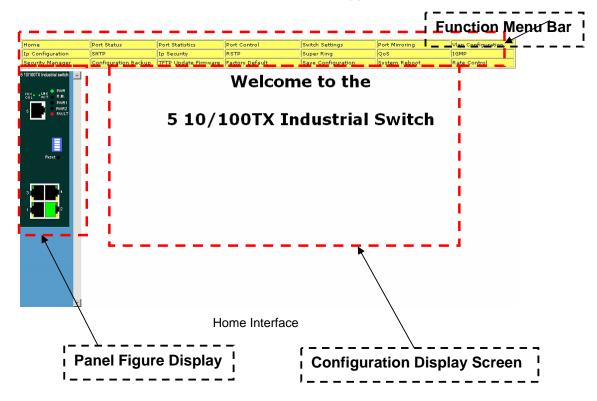
### **Preparing for Web Management**

Before using web management, install the industrial switch on the network and verify that a PC on the local network can connect with the switch through the web browser. The default IP Address, Subnet Mask, Username and Password is listed below:

- IP Address: **192.168.16.1**
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.16.254
- User Name: root
- Password: root

# **System Login**

- 1. Launch Internet Explorer on the PC.
- Enter "http:// "+" the IP address of the switch", in the address window and then Press "Enter".
- 3. The login screen will appear.
- 4. Enter the user name and password.
- 5. Press "Enter" or "OK", the home screen will appear.



### Port status

Shows the status of each port

- Port: Displays the port number
- **Type:** Displays the speed and mode, ex: 100TX = 100Mbps
- Link: Displays the ports status (up or down)
- State: Displays the ports status (disabled or enabled). Unlinked is displayed as "off"
- Negotiation: Displays the auto negotiation mode (auto or forced).
- Speed Duplex: Displays the port connection speed. "Config" is the configured value. "Actual" is the current value.
- Flow Control: Displays the flow control status as "Symmetric" or "Asymmetric" in full mode. "Disable" means that flow control is not enabled "Config" indicates that the value is user configured. "Actual" is the current value of the port.

Port Stasus								
Speed Duplex Flow Control								
Port	Туре	Link	State	Negotiation	Config	Actual	Config	Actual
Port.01	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Symmetric	N/A
Port.02	100TX	Up	Enable	Auto	100 Full	100 Full	Symmetric	ON
Port.03	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Symmetric	N/A
Port.04	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Symmetric	N/A
Port.05	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Symmetric	N/A

Port Status interface

#### **Single Port Information**

Click the desired port on the Panel figure. The single port information window will display the current port information.

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🚰 http://192.168.16.1 - Port 2 St	atus 💶 🗖	1
Port	2	
Link	Up	
State	On	
Tx Good Packet	3749	
Tx Bad Packet	0	
Rx Good Packet	22586	
Rx Bad Packet	0	
Tx Abort Packet	0	
Packet Collision	0	
ē		//

Port information interface

Clear

### **Port Statistics**

Displays port statistics. Click

button to reset.

# Port Statistics

Port	Туре	Link	State					Tx Abort Packet	Packet Collision
Port.01	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.02	100TX	Up	Enable	10	0	9	0	0	0
Port.03	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.04	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.05	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0

Clear Help

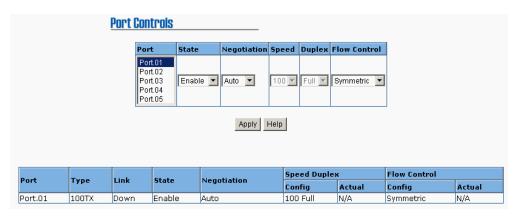
Port Statistics Interface

## **Port Control**

Used to set up the port.

- 1. Select the port by scrolling down the **Port** column. The current port information will be displayed in the table below.
- 2. State: Enables or disables the port.
- 3. **Negotiation:** Sets the negotiation mode to Auto, Nway (specify the speed/duplex of the port and enable auto-negotiation), or Forced.
- 4. **Speed:** Sets the transmit speed of the port
- 5. **Duplex:** Sets the port to full-duplex or half-duplex
- Flow control: Sets flow control function to Symmetric or Asymmetric in Full Duplex mode(The default value is Disable)
- 7. Click the Apply button to apply configurations
- 8. Select the port again to verity the configuration.

[NOTE] If the configuration is not saved it will be lost when the switch is powered off.



Port Control interface

#### **Switch Settings**

Used to assign the system name, location and to view system information

- System Name: Assigns a name to the switch. The maximum length is
   64 bytes
- System Location: Assigns a physical location for the switch. The maximum length is 64 bytes
- System Description: Displays the description of switch. This is read only and cannot be modified
- **Firmware Version:** Displays the firmware version
- Kernel Version: Displays the kernel software version
- Hardware version: Display the hardware version
- MAC Address: Display the unique hardware address assigned by manufacturer (this value is different for each switch)

Swit	tch	Set	tings	
-				

Custom Norma					
System Name					
System Location					
System Description	5 10/100TX industrial switch				
Apply Help					
_					
1	Firmware Version	v1.29			
	Cernel Version	v2.05			
	Hardware Version	A5.00			
1	MAC Address	001122334455			

Switch settings interface

[NOTE] If the configuration is not saved, it will be lost when the switch is powered off.

[NOTE] The Firmware, Hardware, and Kernel versions listed above are current as of the date this manual was produced.

## **Port Mirroring**

Port mirroring is a method to monitor traffic in switched networks. This is accomplished by mirroring the traffic going in and out of the monitored ports to a specifically designated port (the mirror port).

- Port Mirroring Mode: Sets the mirror mode. Select disable to disable port mirroring. Select TX to monitor data being transmitted by a port. Select both to monitor port data being transmitted and received by a port. The default value is "Disable".
- Analysis Port: This is the port used to see all monitored port traffic (This port can be connected to a LAN analyzer or Netxray).
- 3. **Monitor Port:** Check the box to monitor the port. Up to 4 ports can be designated as monitor ports.

#### [NOTE]

If the configuration is not saved, it will be lost when the port is powered off.

Port Mirroring Mode : Disable 🔤	•
Analysis Port : None 💌	
Monitor Port	State
Port.01	
Port.02	
Port.03	
Port.04	
Port.05	

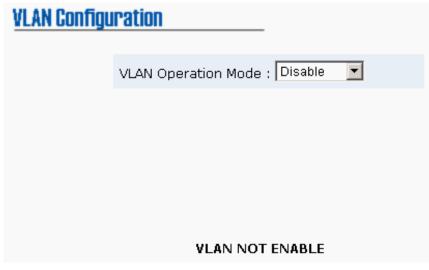
#### Port Mirroring

Apply Help

Port Mirroring interface

# **VLAN configuration**

A Virtual LAN (VLAN) can be thought of as a broadcast domain that exists within a switch or a defined set of switches. By grouping switch ports into VLANs, traffic flooding is limited since devices can only communicate directly with devices belonging to the VLAN. Creating a VLAN from a switch is the logical equivalent of reconnecting a group of devices to another Layer 2 switch. However, the network devices retain their same physical connection. The EIR505 series switches support port-based and 802.1Q (tagged-based) VLAN. In the default configuration, the VLAN option is disabled.



VLAN Configuration interface

#### **Port-based VLAN**

With port-based VLAN, the port is assigned to a VLAN. Therefore all devices attached to a given port should be members of the same VLAN. As with other VLAN configurations, the packets forwarded using this method do not leak into other VLAN domains on the network. After the port has been assigned to a VLAN, devices on the port cannot send to or receive from devices in other VLANs without the intervention of another layer 3 device or the ability to tag the data packet with a specific PVID.

VLAN Configu	ration			
	VLAN Operati	on Mode : Port Ba	sed 💌	
		_		
Add E	dit Delete	Previous Page	Next Page Help	

VLAN - Port Base interface

- 1. Click Add to add a new VLAN group. The EIR505 series supports up to 64 VLAN groups
- 2. Enter Group name, VLAN ID and select the members of VLAN group
- 3. Click Apply

LAN Configuration			
	VLAN Oper	ation Mode : Port Bas	ed 💌
	Group Name		
	VLAN ID	1	
	Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05	Add	
		Apply Help	

VLAN—Port Base Add interface

- 4. The VLAN group will be displayed after apply is clicked
- 5. Click Next Page to view the next VLAN group
- 6. Use Delete button to delete unwanted VLANs
- 7. Use Edit button to modify existing VLANs

[NOTE] If the configuration is not saved, it will be lost when the switch is powered off

### 802.1Q VLAN

V

Tagged-based VLAN is an IEEE 802.1Q specification which allows VLANs to be created across devices from different venders. IEEE 802.1Q VLAN

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uses a technique to insert a "tag" into the Ethernet frame. The tag contains a VLAN Identifier (VID).

When the 802.1Q VLAN is enabled, all ports on the switch belong to a default VLAN (VID 1). The default VLAN can't be deled. The EIR505 series will support up to 64 VLAN groups.

VLAN Configuration				
	VLAN Operation Mode :	802.1Q	~	
	🔲 Management Vlan I	D : 0	Apply	
	Basic		Port VLAN ID	
	DEFAU	LT1		
Add E	Edit Delete Previo	us Page	Next Page	lelp
	802.1a VLAN	interface		

### Basic

- 1. Click Add
- 2. Management VLAN ID: Used for Remote Management Security. When this option is selected, remote management is only available to the members of the indicated VLAN Group. Enter the specific VLAN ID number in Management VLAN ID column, check the box, and click the

Apply button. Example: If the management VLAN ID is 101 and the VLAN group ID 101 includes ports 1, 2, and 4, only ports 1, 2, and 4 can perform remote management functions on the switch. If a port is in multiple VLAN groups, it can still perform management functions as long as one VLAN group ID is equal to the Management VLAN ID.

- 3. Group Name: assign a name for the new VLAN
- 4. VLAN ID: fill in a VLAN ID. The default is 1
- From the Available ports box, select ports to add to the VLAN group and click Add button

VLAN Configuration				
	VLAN Operation	Mode : 802.1Q	*	
	🔲 Manageme	nt Vlan ID : 0	Apply	
	Basic		Port VLAN ID	
	oup Name AN ID	1		
ſ	Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05	Add Remove		
Next) Help 802.1q VLAN –Add interface				

6. Click Next to bring up the configuration interface:

## **VLAN Configuration**

VLAN Operation Mode :	802.1Q	~
🔲 Management Vlan I	D : 0	Apply

VLAN Name	VLAN002		
VLAN ID	2		
UnTag Member			
Port.01	Untag 🔽	Port.02	Untag 🔽
Port.03	Untag 🔽		
Apply			

- Select outgoing frames as VLAN-Tagged frames or untagged and then click Apply
- **Port VID:** Configure port VID settings
- 1. Port VLAN ID: enter the port VLAN ID
- 2. And then, click Apply
- 3. To reset to the default values, click Default button

VLAN Configuration			
	VLAN Operation Mode : 802.1Q 🛛 🔽		
	Management VIan ID : 0 Apply		

<u>isic</u>		Port VL	AN ID
Port	Port VI	LAN ID	
Port.01 A Port.02 Port.03 Port.04	1		
	Apply Hel	q	
		_	
Port	VLAN	ID	
	TLAIN	10	

802.1q VLAN – Port VLAN ID interface

[NOTE] If the configuration is not saved, it will be lost if the switch is powered off.

### **IP Address**

Configure the IP Settings and DHCP client function

- DHCP Client: Use to enable or disable the DHCP client function. When the DHCP client function is enabled, the industrial switch will be assigned an IP address from the network DHCP server. After the "Apply" button is clicked, dialog box will indicate that the user that when the DHCP client is enabled, the current IP will lost and the new IP must be looked up on the DHCP server. The switch's MAC Address will be required to look up the new IP Address on the DHCP Server. To cancel the DHCP client function, click "cancel".
- IP Address: Assign a static IP address. This is not required if DHCP

Client is enabled. The default IP is 192.168.10.1.

- Subnet Mask: Assign the subnet mask of the IP address. This is not required if the DHCP Client is enabled.
- Gateway: Assign the network gateway. The default gateway is 192.168.10.254.
- Click Apply

IP Configuration		_
	DHCP Clier	nt: Disable 💌
	IP Address	192.168.16.1
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
	Gateway	192.168.16.254
	Арр	ly Help

IP configuration interface

### **SNTP Configuration**

SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol) allows the switch to synchronize its time with an SNTP Server.

- 1. SNTP Client: Enable or Disable SNTP
- 2. **Daylight Saving Time:** Enables or disables daylight saving time. When enabled, the daylight saving time period must be entered.
- 3. **UTC Time zone:** Used to calculate local time. Set the switch location time zone.

Local Time Zone	Conversion from UTC	Time at 12:00 UTC
November Time Zone	- 1 hour	11am
Oscar Time Zone	-2 hours	10 am

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ADT - Atlantic	-3 hours	9 am
Daylight	onouro	0 um
AST - Atlantic		
Standard	-4 hours	8 am
EDT - Eastern	-4 110013	0 am
Daylight		
EST - Eastern		
Standard	-5 hours	7 am
CDT - Central	-5 110015	
Daylight		
CST - Central		
Standard	-6 hours	6 am
MDT - Mountain	-o nours	o ani
Daylight		
MST - Mountain		
Standard	7 h e ure	<b>F</b> am
PDT - Pacific	-7 hours	5 am
Daylight		
PST - Pacific		
Standard	0 houro	4 am
ADT - Alaskan	-8 hours	
Daylight		
ALA - Alaskan	-9 hours	3 am
Standard	-3 110015	5 ann
HAW - Hawaiian	-10 hours	2 am
Standard	-10 110015	2 dili
Nome, Alaska	-11 hours	1 am
CET - Central		
European		
FWT - French Winter	<b>. 4 b c c</b>	4
MET - Middle	+1 hour	1 pm
European		
MEWT - Middle		

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European Winter			
SWT - Swedish			
Winter			
EET - Eastern			
European, Russia	+2 hours	2 pm	
Zone 1			
BT - Baghdad,	12 houro	2 nm	
USSR Zone 2	+3 hours	3 pm	
ZP4 - Russia Zone 3	+4 hours	4 pm	
ZP5 - Russia Zone 4	+5 hours	5 pm	
ZP6 - Russia Zone 5	+6 hours	6 pm	
WAST - West	+7 hours	7 nm	
Australian Standard		7 pm	
CCT - China Coast,	+8 hours	8 pm	
USSR Zone 7		0 pm	
JST - Japan			
Standard, Russia	+9 hours	9 pm	
Zone 8			
EAST - East			
Australian Standard			
GST	+10 hours	10 pm	
Guam Standard,			
Russia Zone 9			
IDLE - International			
Date Line			
NZST - New	+12 hours	Midnight	
Zealand Standard			
NZT - New Zealand			

- 4. **SNTP Sever IP:** Enter the IP address of the SNTP server.
- 5. Switch Timer: Displays the switch's current time
- 6. Daylight Saving Period: Enter the daylight saving time period
- 7. Daylight Saving Offset (mins): Configuring the offset value in minutes
- 8. Click Apply to active the configuration

[NOTE] If the configuration is not saved, it will be lost when the switch is powered off.

SNTP Configuration			
SNTP Client : Disable 💌 Daylight Saving Time : Disable 💌			
UTC Timezone	(GMT)Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London 🗾		
SNTP Server IP	0.0.0.0		
Switch Timer			
Daylight Saving Period	20040101 00:00 20040101 00:00		
Daylight Saving Offset(mins)	0		
Apply Help			

SNTP Configuration

## **IP Security**

IP security function grants 10 specific IP addresses permission to access the switch through a web browser for the switch management.

- 1. Enable the IP Security: Mark the check box to enable
- 2. Security IP 1 ~ 10: Enter up to 10 specific IP address.
- 3. Click Apply

[NOTE] If the configuration is not saved, it will be lost when the switch is powered off.

Security		_
I	Enable IP Se	curity
	Security IP1	0.0.0.0
	Security IP2	0.0.0.0
	Security IP3	0.0.0.0
	Security IP4	0.0.0.0
	Security IP5	0.0.0.0
	Security IP6	0.0.0.0
	Security IP7	0.0.0.0
	Security IP8	0.0.0.0
	Security IP9	0.0.0.0
	Security IP10	0.0.0.0
	Appl	Help

IP Security Interface

## **RSTP Configuration**

IP 9

The Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) is an evolution of Spanning Tree Protocol (STP). It provides a faster spanning tree convergence after a topology change. The switch will auto detect a device that is running STP or RSTP protocol.

### **System Configuration**

Modify RSTP state parameters

- **RSTP mode:** Enable or disable RSTP function.
- Priority (0-61440): a value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the root. If the value changes, the switch must be rebooted. The priority value must be multiple of 4096 according to the protocol standard rule.
- Max Age (6-40): the number of seconds a bridge waits without receiving Spanning-tree Protocol configuration messages before attempting a reconfiguration. Enter a value between 6 and 40.

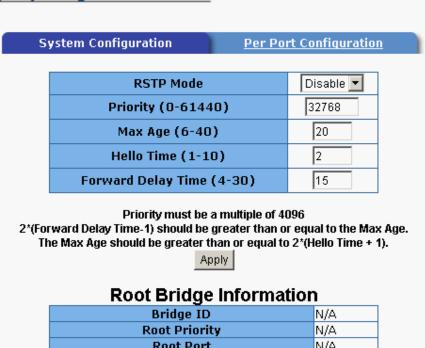
- Hello Time (1-10): The time that the control switch sends out a BPDU packet to check RSTP status. Enter a value between 1 and 10.
- Forward Delay Time (4-30): The number of seconds a port waits before changing from its Rapid Spanning-Tree Protocol learning and listening states to the forwarding state. Enter a value between 4 through 30.
- Click Apply

### [NOTE]

- 1. Use the following rule to configure the MAX Age, Hello Time, and Forward Delay Time.
  - 2 x (Forward Delay Time value –1) > = Max Age value >= 2 x (Hello Time value +1)

If the configuration is not saved it will be lost when the switch is powered off.

Rapid Spanning Tree



Bridge ID	N/A
Root Priority	N/A
Root Port	N/A
Root Path Cost	N/A
Max Age	N/A
Hello Time	N/A
Forward Delay	N/A

**RSTP–** System Configuration Interface

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B&B Electronics Mfg Co Inc – 707 Dayton Rd - PO Box 1040 - Ottawa IL 61350 - Ph 815-433-5100 - Fax 815-433-5104 – www.bb-elec.com B&B Electronics – Westlink Commercial Park – Oranmore, Galway, Ireland – Ph +353 91-792444 – Fax +353 91-792445 – www.bb-europe.com

### **Per Port Configuration**

Configure path cost and priority of every port

- 1. Select the port in Port column
- 2. **Path Cost:** The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting bridge at the specified port. Enter a number 1 through 20000000
- 3. **Priority:** Network Priority. Enter a number from 0 to 240. The value must be a multiple of 16
- 4. Admin P2P: Some of the rapid state transactions that are possible within RSTP are dependent upon whether the port concerned can only be connected to one other bridge (i.e. it is served by a point-to-point LAN segment), or whether it can be connected to two or more bridges (i.e. it is served by a shared medium LAN segment). This function allows the P2P status of the link to be manipulated administratively. True is P2P enabling. False is P2P disabling
- Admin Edge: The port directly connected to end stations cannot create a bridging loop. To configure the port as an edge port, set the port to "True" status
- Admin Non Stp: The port includes the STP mathematic calculation.
   True does not include the STP mathematic calculation. False includes the STP mathematic calculation
- 7. Click Apply

[NOTE] If the configuration is not saved, it will be lost when the switch is powered off.

Rapid Spanning Tree									
System Configuration Per Port Configuration									
Port	Path (1-2000		Prio ) (0-2	ority 240)	Admir	ר P2P	Admin Edg	ge Adm	iin Non Stp
Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05	2000	00	128		Auto	•	True 💌		False 💌
priority must be a multiple of 16           Apply         Help           RSTP Port Status									
	Port	Path Cost	Port Priority		n Admin Edge	Stp Neighbo	or State	Role	
	Port.01	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled	
	Port.02	200000	128	True	False	True	Forwarding	Root	
		200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled	
		200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled	
	Port.05	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled	

RSTP – Per Port Configuration interface

## X-Ring

X-Ring provides network redundancy similar to the Spanning Tree and Rapid Spanning Tree Protocols. However, recovery time is greatly reduced when the X-Ring protocol is used. The protocol identifies one switch as the Ring Master. Packets are blocked from the redundant path unless a ring member becomes disconnected from the rest of the network. When this happens, the protocol automatically restores connectivity using the redundant path.

In the X-Ring topology, every switch should enable X-Ring function and assign two member ports to the ring. Only one switch in the X-Ring group would be set as the backup switch. Other switches are called working switches and their two member ports are called working ports. If a network connection failure occurs, the backup port will automatically become a working port to recover.

The switch has a Dipswitch to configure the switch as the ring master. The

ring master has the rights to negotiate and place a command to other switches in the X-Ring group. If more than one switch is in master mode, the software will select the switch with lowest MAC address number as the ring master. An LED on the front panel indicates that the switch is the ring master.

Coupling ring is used to connect 2 or more X-Ring groups providing a redundant back-up Dual homing is used to recover from a connection loss between an X-Ring group and the upper level/core switch.

- **Enable X-Ring:** Mark the check box to enable the X-Ring function
- 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> Working Ports: Assign two ports as the member ports. One port will be working port and one port will be the backup port. The system will automatically decide which port is working port and which port is backup port
- Enable Coupling Ring: Mark the check box to enable the coupling ring function
- Coupling port: Assign the member port
- X-Ring Master: Set the switch labeled RM on front panel to on position.
   This establishes that switch as a master for the ring.
- Enable Dual Homing: Set up one of port to be the Dual Homing port. In an X-Ring group, only one can be a Dual Homing port. This function will only work when the X-Ring function is enabled
- Click Apply

X-Ring	
🗖 Enable X-Ring	
1st Working Port	Port.01
2nd Working Port	Port.02 🔽
📕 Enable Couple Ring	
Coupling Port	Port.03 🔽
Control Port	Port.04
📕 Enable Dual Homing	Port.08
Apply Help	
X-Ring Interface	

### [NOTE]

- 1. When the X-Ring function is enabled, the RSTP function must be disabled.
- 2. If the configuration is not saved, it will be lost when the switch is powered off.

## **QoS Configuration**

- **Qos Policy:** select the Qos policy rule
  - Using the 8,4,2,1 weight fair queue scheme: The switch will follow 8:4:2:1 rate to process priority queue from Highest to lowest. For example: the system will process 8 high queue packets, 4 middle queue packets, 2 low queue packets, and one lowest queue packets at the same time
  - Use the strict priority scheme: The highest queue will always be processed first.
- **Priority Type:** Every port has 5 priority types
  - Port-base: The port priority will follow the default port priority assigned – High, middle, low, or lowest

- > COS only: The port will follow the COS priority assigned
- > TOS only: The port will follow the TOS priority assigned
- COS first: The port will follow COS priority first, and then another priority rule
- TOS first: The port will follow TOS priority first, and then another priority rule
- COS priority: Set the COS priority level 0~7
- TOS priority: The system provides 0 to 63 TOS priority levels. Each level has 4 types of priority high, mid, low, and lowest. The default value is "Lowest". When the IP packet is received, the system will check the TOS value.

**[NOTE]** QoS and Rate control cannot be used simultaneously.

### QoS

Qos Policy

• Use an 8,4,2,1 weighted fair queuing scheme

🖸 Use a strict priority scheme

#### Priority Type:

Port.01	Port.02	Port.03	Port.04	Port.05
Port-based 💌				

#### Default Port Priority:

Port.01	Port.02	Port.03	Port.04	Port.05
Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest -

Apply Help

COS								
Priority	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Lowest 💌							

Apply Help	
------------	--

.

TOS								
Priority	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Lowest 💌							
Priority	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 👻	Lowest 💌				
Priorit <b>y</b>	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	Lowest 💌							
Priority	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
	Lowest 💌							
Priority	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
	Lowest 💌							
Priorit <b>y</b>	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
	Lowest 💌							
Priority	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
	Lowest 💌							
Priority	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
	Lowest 💌							

Apply Help

QoS configuration Interface

### **IGMP**

The Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) is an internal protocol of the Internet Protocol (IP) suite. IP manages multicast traffic by using switches, routers, and hosts that support IGMP. Enabling IGMP allows the ports to detect IGMP queries and report packets and manage IP multicast traffic through the switch. IGMP has three fundamental types of messages:

Message	Description				
Query	A message sent from an IGMP router or switch requesting a response from each host belonging to the multicast group.				
Report	A message sent by a host indicating that the host wants to be or is a member of a given group.				
Leave Group	A message sent by a host indicating that the host has is no longer a member of a specific multicast group.				

[NOTE] If the configuration is not saved, it will be lost when the switch is powered off.

IGMP	
	IP Address VLAN ID Member Port
	235.080.068.0831***6***
	IGMP Protocol: Enable 💌
	IGMP Query : Enable 💌
	Apply Help

IGMP Snooping interface

## **Security Manager**

Use to change the web management login user name and password.

- 1. User name: enter the new user name(The default is "root")
- 2. Password: enter the new password(The default is "root")
- 3. Confirm password: reenter the new password
- 4. Click Apply

[NOTE] If the configuration is not saved, it will be lost when the switch is powered off.

<u>Security</u>	Manager	
	User Name :	root
	New Password :	••••
	Confirm Password :	••••
		Apply Help

Security	Manager	Interface
----------	---------	-----------

## **Configuration Backup**

Used to backup the configuration to a TFTP server and load the backup configuration from the TFTP server.

### **TFTP Restore Configuration**

Restore flash ROM value from the TFTP server.

- 1. TFTP Server IP Address: Enter the TFTP server IP
- 2. Restore File Name: Enter the file name
- 3. Click Apply

Configuration Backup		
TFTP Restore Configurat	ion	TFTP Backup Configuration
TFTP Server IP Address	<mark>s</mark> 192.1	68.16.2
Restore File Name	data.d	lat
	Apply	Help

TFTP Restore Configuration interface

### **TFTP Backup Configuration**

Save current flash ROM value to the TFTP server

- 1. TFTP Server IP Address: Enter the TFTP server IP
- 2. Backup File Name: Enter the file name
- 3. Click Apply

<u>Config</u>	Configuration Backup	
1	FTP Restore Configuration	ion TFTP Backup Configuration
	TFTP Server IP Address	s 192.168.10.2
	Backup File Name	data.dat
	I	Apply Help

TFTP Backup Configuration interface

## **TFTP Update Firmware**

Use to update firmware. Ensure the TFTP server is ready and the firmware image is stored on the TFTP server,

- 1. **TFTP Server IP Address:** Enter the TFTP server IP Address
- 2. Firmware File Name: Enter the name of firmware image
- 3. Click Apply

TFTP Update Firmware	
TFTP Server IP Address	192.168.16.2
Firmware File Name	image.bin
	Apply Help

TFTP Update Firmware interface

## **Factory Default**

Reset the Switch to the default configuration. **NOTE: The IP Address**, subnet mask, default gateway, username, and password will remain as configured by the user.

■ (	Click Default
	Factory Default
	Please click [Default] button to restore factory default setting.
	Default Help
	Factory Default interface
Rebo	ot the switch in software reset
	System Reboot
	Please click [Reboot] button to restart switch device.
	Reboot
	System Reboot interface

## **Save Configuration**

Save the configuration to flash memory. If the switch is powered off without saving the configuration, all changed configuration will lost

•	Click	Save Flash		
	<u>Sa</u>	ive Config	guration	
				Save Flash Help
			Save Configuration	Interface

## Rate Control

Set up each port's bandwidth rate and packet limitation type

- Limit Packet type: Select the packet type to filter. The packet filter types are all packet types, broadcast/multicast/unknown, unicast packets, broadcast/multicast packets, and broadcast packet only. The broadcast/multicast/unknown, unicast packet, broadcast/multicast packet, and broadcast packet only are only for ingress. The egress rate only supports all packet types.
- Ports 1 through 5 support port ingress and egress rate control. For example, assume port 1 is 10Mbps, users can set its effective egress rate to 1Mbps, and the ingress rate to 500Kbps.
  - Ingress: Select the port effective ingress rate. The valid range value is 1MB, 2MB, 4MB, 8MB, 16MB, 32MB and 64MB. The default value is "disable"
  - Egress: Select the port effective ingress rate. The valid range value is 128kbps, 256Kbps, 512Kbps, 1MB, 2MB, 4MB, and 8MB. The default value is "disable"
  - Click Apply

### [NOTE]

- 1. If the configuration is not saved, it will be lost when the switch is powered off.
- 2. Qos and Rate control cannot exist at the same.

## Rate Control

	Limit packet type	Ingress	Egress
Port.01	All	Disable 🖵	Disable 🖵
Port.02	All	Disable 🖵	Disable 🖵
Port.03	All	Disable 👻	Disable 🖵
Port.04	All	Disable 👻	Disable 🖵
Port.05		Disable 🖵	Disable 🖵

Apply Help

Rate Control Interface

# **Trouble shooting**

- Verify the power supply is correct (12-48V DC) Do not exceed 48V DC.
- Ensure the proper UTP cable is used for RJ-45 connections: 100Ω
   Category 3, 4 or 5 cable for 10Mbps connections or 100Ω Category 5
   cable for 100Mbps connections. Ensure that the length of any twisted-pair connection does not exceed 328 feet (100 meters).
- **LED Indicators:** Assist in identifying problems.

Standards	IEEE 802.3 10Base-T Ethernet IEEE 802.3u 100Base-TX Fast Ethernet IEEE802.3x Flow Control and Back-pressure IEEE802.1d spanning tree / IEEE802.1w rapid spanning tree IEEE802.1p class of service IEEE802.1Q VLAN Tag
Protocol	CSMA/CD
Management	Provides Web interface management and one default button for system default setting
Technology	Store and forward switching architecture
Transfer Rate	14,880 pps for Ethernet port 148,800 pps for Fast Ethernet port
Transfer packet size	64bytes to 1522 bytes (with VLAN tag)
MAC address	2K MAC address table
Memory Buffer	1Mbits
Back-plane	1.0 Gbps
Packet throughput ability	1.49Mpps @64bytes (4TX +1 FX)

LED	Per port: Link/Activity (Green), Full duplex/Collision (Yellow) Per unit: Power (Green), Power 1 (Green), Power 2 (Green), Fault (Yellow), Master (Green)
Network Cable	<b>10Base-T:</b> 2-pair UTP/STP Cat. 3, 4, 5 cable EIA/TIA-568 100-ohm (100m) <b>100Base-TX:</b> 2-pair UTP/STP Cat. 5 cable EIA/TIA-568 100-ohm (100m)
Optical cable	SC (Multi-mode): 50/125um~62.5/125um SC (Single mode): 9/125um~10/125um Available distance: 2KM (Multi-mode) / 30KM (single-mode) Wavelength: 1310nm (multi-mode/ single mode)
Power Supply	Redundant 12 to 48 V DC power inputs with reverse polarity protection
Power consumption	3.64 Watts
Packet filter	<ul> <li>4 selection rules :</li> <li>All packets</li> <li>Broadcast/ multicast/ unknown unicast packets</li> <li>Broadcast/ multicast packets</li> <li>Broadcast packets only</li> </ul>
Class of service	IEEE802.1p class of service support, 4 priority queues per port.

	port based
	port based
Quality of service	Tag based
	IPv4 Type of service
X-Ring	300 ms Recovery Time
VLAN	Port based VLAN and IEEE802.1Q Tag VLAN. Both port based and Tag based VLAN groups (up to 64).
Spanning tree	IEEE802.1d spanning tree and IEEE802.1w rapid spanning tree.
IGMP	IGMP v1 and Query mode. Up to 256 groups.
SNTP	Simple Network time protocol
Management IP security	IP address security to prevent intrusion
Port mirror	TX packet only or both TX and RX packet.

Install	DIN rail and panel mount
Alarm	One 24VDC, 1A relay output.
Firmware update	TFTP firmware update TFTP configuration backup and restore.
DHCP client	DHCP client function to obtain the IP address from a DHCP server.
Bandwidth control	<ul> <li>Ingress packets filter and egress packet limit</li> <li>The egress rate control supports all of packet type and the limit rates are 128kbps, 256Kbps, 512Kbps, 1MB, 2MB, 4MB, and 8MB</li> <li>Ingress filter packet type combination rules are Broadcast/Multicast/Unknown Unicast packet, Broadcast/Multicast packet, Broadcast packet only and all of packet. The packet filter rate can be set follow as:1Mbps, 2Mbps, 4Mbps, 8Mbps, 16Mbps, 32Mbps, 64Mbps</li> </ul>
Operation Temp.	0°C to 60°C (32°F to 140°F)
Operation Humidity	5% to 95% (Non-condensing)
Storage Temperature	-40℃ to 85℃
Case Dimension	IP-30, 2.12 (W) x 4.31 (H) x ,4.13 (D) in (5.4 x 13.5 x 10.5 cm)

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EMI	FCC Class A, CE EN6100-4-2, CE EN6100-4-3, CE EN-6100-4-4,
	CE EN6100-4-5, CE EN6100-4-6
Safety	EN60950
Stability testing	IEC60068-2-32 (Free fall), IEC60068-2-27 (Shock), IEC60068-2-6 (Vibration)